

# ROYAL BAKING-POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Makes Home Baking Easy

No other aid to the housewife is so great, no other agent so useful and certain in making delicious, wholesome foods

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum No Lime Phosphates

## SPEED OF THE TITANIC MAINTAINED AFTER WARNING HAD BEEN RECEIVED

British Probe of Disaster Is to Cover Three Main Points.

London, Eng., May 2.—The attorney general, Sir Rufus Isaacs, today addressed the wreck commission which is investigating the loss of the White Star liner Titanic, setting forth the facts as understood by the government and laying emphasis on the fact that 21 knots were maintained after the warnings of ice had been received.

When the court opened Lord Mersey, who heads the commission, granted permission to president Lewis, of the Seamen's union, and to an attorney for the Imperial Mercantile guild, to participate in the proceedings.

The union is a new organization composed of 4000 Southampton sailors. Two hundred and twenty-eight were employed on the Titanic and of these only 76 survived. The officers of the Titanic were members of the guild. The inquiry is likely to extend over several weeks.

The court displayed interest in the warnings of ice which the Canadian liner Caronia and the White Star liner Baltic sent to the Titanic on April 14. Lord Mersey asked:

"Am I right in supposing that she ran into the ice region after a warning had been received?"

"Yes," replied the attorney general.

Sir Rufus said the Titanic's capacity was 2547 persons and that she carried 14 lifeboats, two extra for each of the 11 lifeboats, accommodating 1167 persons and 1500 lifeboats. The vessel carried 1316 passengers and 892 persons in her crew.

She was fitted with 15 bulkheads and several water tight doors, being designed to float in the event of any two adjoining compartments being flooded, under which condition the top of the bulkheads would be two and one-half or three feet above water.

"The Titanic's speed, the attorney general said, on April 14 was 21 knots, which was never lessened up to the time of the collision. On that day the Caronia and the Baltic had sent wireless messages to the Titanic stating that icebergs, "growlers" and "fielders" were in her track.

Sir Rufus announced that particular attention would be given to these three points.

The Titanic's speed after the warnings of ice had been received; the insufficient number of lifeboats for the persons carried by the steamer; the

construction of the water tight compartments.

He gave a detailed analysis of the numbers saved and lost by classes and sections, and indicated that he considered that the disproportionate number of first class passengers rescued should be a matter of inquiry.

The court has arranged to adjourn until Tuesday.

### TITANIC NEWS NOT HELD BACK A DAY

Senator Smith Unable to Find Evidence in New York City.

New York, N. Y., May 2.—Testimony taken by senator William Alden Smith of Michigan, chairman of the senate committee investigating the Titanic disaster, did not reveal any facts tending to confirm the report that news of the Titanic disaster, which the White Star line made public Monday morning, April 15, had reached New York earlier that morning.

To determine this question was the principal object of the senator's visit here, and before him in private hearing, John Bottomly, vice president of the American Mercantile company, E. J. Purse, of the White Star line, and testified in Washington that he had been informed by the son of a Western Union operator that a message had been received in New York on Monday morning telling of the Titanic's fate, and the operator himself, who received the message, had in any way said, after having been absent since Sunday night.

These two witnesses were disposed to be recalcitrant, the senator said, and their examination was unsatisfactory. He declared he would call the operator again, when he hoped to obtain more definite testimony.

Vice president Bottomly, according to his stenographic testimony, disclaimed all knowledge of such news being received here at the time reported.

"Do you know of your own knowledge or have you been informed by any person by name, by wireless, letter, word of mouth, or otherwise that information regarding this disaster reached any office of your committee?"

"No, don't know of any message," Mr. Bottomly replied.

Mr. Bottomly's reply, according to the stenographic testimony, was the first message received by the Titanic on the sinking of the Titanic.

Senator Smith tried to get news.

The witness testified that he had made every effort to get news of the disaster from the Caronia and had sent instructions to all wireless stations asking them to furnish the company with all the news they could obtain. He denied he had in any way tried to influence Cottam and Bide, the wireless operators on the Caronia, in regard to the sending and receiving of information until the vessel had passed quarantine, when, with Mr. Marconi's consent, he had given wireless permission to Bide to tell his story.

The witness denied that operators of his company were instructed not to tell the news until the ship had passed quarantine.

Woman Gives Testimony.

Senator Smith announced he had taken the sworn testimony of Mrs. J. Stuart White, of Briarcliffe, N. Y., who left the Titanic in life boat No. 5, the second third boat which put out from the ship.

Mrs. White said this boat contained 23 women and three men, said senator Smith. "One of the men, she said, was a seaman the other two said they handed an oar in their lives and knew nothing about rowing."

"Mrs. White swore these men were neither kind nor courteous; that they lighted pipes or cigarettes, notwithstanding that there was ignitable matter aboard, and that with this kind of men they were put out to sea and told to row directly for a light. I have concluded this light was the light of a schooner mentioned by captain Moore and was about five or ten miles away."

Senator Smith said he intended to examine two more witnesses.

Taft Preaches Prosperity TO PEOPLE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Florence, S. C., May 2.—Although not on a campaign trip, President Taft made a short speech in South Carolina yesterday on his way to Washington from Augusta, Ga. He delivered the first at Sumter from the rear platform of his private car, and the second at Florence. Big crowds greeted him.

The president preached prosperity and declared his opposition to doctrines that he said would destroy that prosperity if written into law.

"What we want is prosperity," said Mr. Taft at Sumter. "In South Carolina I have not always had the support that would make me believe it worth while to ask for your suffrage, but I know there is a strong substratum in South Carolina of confidence in the existing government and there is a desire to maintain it."

## EL PASO HERALD

### REPEAL OF BULLION TAX

### PEOPLE'S SESSORS IN PANIC

Discover All at Once That Arizona Mines Are About to Escape Taxation Through the Unconstitutionality of the Board of Equalization Bill; Burlesque County Seat Bill Introduced.

Phoenix, Ariz., May 2.—Through oversight the legislature has narrowly missed exempting all mines in the state from taxation. A few days ago the legislature passed a bill repealing the bullion tax law, which imposes a tax on 25 percent of the actual value of mine property. It was the intention to have the taxation taken care of by the state board of equalization. The bill to create which is now pending. After the bullion tax law was repealed, however, it was discovered that the bill providing for a board of equalization would be unconstitutional, as there is no provision in the fundamental law that the chairman of a county board of supervisors shall act in that capacity. It is asserted that at the best the new board could act only in an advisory capacity and could not in any event fix tax rates.

On the discovery of the mistake Leon Jacobs of Maricopa today introduced in the house a bill repealing the bullion tax and placing it on a 50 percent valuation basis.

In an effort to defeat the plan to remove the county seat from Tombstone, Judge Duncan of Cochise county today introduced a burlesque bill creating the county of Copper Queen, to be composed of the towns of Bisbee, Douglas and Lowell.

"The object is to keep them from talking about Tombstone for a while," the judge said.

The senate has passed a full train crew bill, and another containing appropriations for dry farming. Both had passed the house.

The senate also passed a child labor bill, prohibiting the employment of children under the age of 14 years, also prohibiting the employment of children under the age of 18.

Expensive to Run Arizona.

If the board of control has made no mistake, it will require \$140,075 to run the institutions of the state the coming year. The board of control has just been fitted with the state auditor and Mr. Callaghan has transmitted a copy to the legislature. The appropriation of the estimated expenses among the various institutions is as follows:

Northern Normal.....\$64,225

Tempe Normal.....\$4,700

University.....\$4,700

Horticultural commission.....\$5,000

Industrial school.....\$5,000

Agricultural experiment station.....\$5,000

Pioneer's home.....\$1,000

State prison.....\$30,000

State asylum.....\$100,000

State fair.....\$20,000

It must not be understood, however, that these figures are intended to refer only to the cost to maintain the institutions, but include both maintenance and construction cost. As an illustration, the cost of conducting the Northern Normal, the last named of which is located at Flagstaff, is about the same, but the Northern is given much the larger appropriation because the expense which has been incurred in the erection of new buildings and improvements made to old ones.

And speaking of taxes, a rather funny situation exists, though of course it will be remedied within a short time. The legislature has repealed the bullion tax, so far no other measure has been passed to take its place. Under the present status, the mining companies are entirely relieved of this tax and it has been suggested that the bill be introduced to bring the situation back to the way it was before the repeal.

The medical bill is through the senate and it is now up to the house to wrestle with the propositions it contains. The bill is now in the committee and it is impossible to say what changes may be made before it is reported out.

A hitch has occurred with reference to the bill providing that all stock salesmen must wear identifying badges and it has been sent back to attorney general Ballard for correction.

The bill providing that in all state institutions eight hours shall constitute a day's work, has passed the senate.

Extra Session Talk.

There has been so much fussing with reference to the proposed extraordinary session that no one is in a position to say what will be done. Some of the men who, a week ago, were insistent that there would be no necessity for more time are now quite certain that more time will be absolutely indispensable. And more than that, they say a plan has been devised to get it. It is known that Gov. Hunt does not view this proposition with favor, so it is said the appropriation bills will be introduced to prevent action on this bill.

If this may be done, it is easy to see that if the legislature is prevented from acting on this bill, the state is practically at the end of its string regarding funds. The \$50,000 required to carry this session of the legislature and the many other additional expenses have made such a large hole in the treasury funds that already the bottom of the string is being scraped in an effort to keep things going. But at that, it is by no means certain the extra session will be decided upon, though the chances are good that it will be.

The point to be decided is, whether they will be willing to take the responsibility for a course would involve.

Tombstone People Aroused.

The bill providing a method for making changes to county seats, which, as everybody knows, is aimed directly at Tombstone, has roused the citizens of that historic town to prompt action and vigorous protest. News of the introduction of the bill in the house had no sooner reached the Cochise county seat than an indignation meeting was called, which was attended by pretty nearly everybody in the place. There was much oratory at this meeting and at the close a series of resolutions was adopted and forwarded to the legislature. The numerous whereases in these resolutions are of the following tenor:

That Tombstone has served Cochise county as a county seat for more than 20 years and that the taxpayers and citizens suffer no more inconvenience now than in the past—in fact, it is said the inconvenience is rather less because of the multiplication of railroads and the introduction of the automobile; that the industrial conditions of a

county seat do not affect the interests of the taxpayers; that the installation of the state government will cost \$95,000 in official salaries a year; that the entire cost of the courts is now borne by the people of Arizona; that many other new expenses have been incurred; and that an election for the removal of the county seat will be expensive and harmful.

Following these whereases the citizens of Tombstone resolve that it is unwise and uncalculated to remove the county seat at this time and they call upon the legislature to defeat the bill.

The communication has been referred to a committee and will be considered along with the bill itself.

House Kills Bills.

The house today in a "killing" mood and quite a large number of measures fell under the ax. The most important of these are the bills regulating mine inspection; two bills for the codifying of the state statutes; the bill requiring the use of pure paints; the house printing bill; and one of the bills providing for superintending districts.

Bills recommended for passage were: The Lynch bill, providing for the establishment of superintending districts; the bill prohibiting foreign corporations to sue in other than state courts; the bill providing for 55 hours work weekly in municipalities; the bill relating to vital statistics; and the bill providing for the registration of voters in incorporated cities.

Measures Goes for Patent.

Notwithstanding the fact that the house recently rescinded its action in assuming part of the responsibility for the invention of the electric light, Roy J. Meyers, the Florence convict, on an eastern trip that he might secure a patent on an electrical device, the governor has gone ahead with his original intention. Meyers has been released and is now on his way to Washington, well supplied with funds for his trip by Miss Kate Bernard, the Oklahoma superintendent of charities and corrections.

Meyers stopped here for a few hours and talked quite freely in a general way about his invention. He said he had been at work on it only about two months, but declares he can actually draw static electricity from the atmosphere, transform it into a dynamic force, and use it for the operation of machinery. He said his invention is in a crude state as yet and that many of the details are to be worked out. He also indicated that the cost of installation will be slight.

Meyers said further that he had been given much assistance in the perfection of his device by the prison authorities at Florence, who had given him every opportunity to do the necessary work. He claims to have made many inventions in addition to the one which has created such a furor here.

COCHISE HAS TWO MEN FOR DELEGATES

Honor of Going to Baltimore Convention Is Sought For Dr. Shine.

Bisbee, Ariz., May 2.—The Democrats of Arizona will elect delegates to the Democratic national convention at Baltimore at a primary to be held in the state on May 27. This is the date of many city elections in the state and it is believed that the arrangement will serve well the ends of the party in getting a popular expression as to the political and presidential candidates as well as drawing out a large Democratic vote in the city elections.

Among the names mentioned in the field to represent this county at the Baltimore convention, the action of the local delegates will be governed by the expression of the voters, so the position is largely honorary. Dr. Francis E. Shine, chief surgeon of the El Paso & Southwestern railroad, has the solid backing of the Democrats of Lowell, the largest Democratic precinct in the county. Nomination papers for C. B. Kelton, a member of the house of representatives from Cochise county, and an old timer, are being circulated in the county this week.

Lowell friends of Dr. Shine say that it would be particularly fit at this juncture when the county is in a quandary as to what to do when the majority sentiment of the party seems to hark back to the principles of Thomas Jefferson, the founder of the party. Dr. Shine is descended by direct lineage, of the great Virginians, but the fact was not publicly known, owing to his modesty, and his friends in Lowell let it be known.

Champ Clark will be the favorite in the county, which, as a district, has one delegate apportioned to it. The primary will be held here on the day of the election and the voting booth will be in the building with separate election officials.

Papers are also being circulated here for the nomination of Reese M. Ling of Prescott and E. B. O'Neil, of Phoenix, for Democratic national committee members. J. J. Bowser of Bisbee, has also been mentioned by northern Arizona Democratic friends as a good man for this place.

HARMON CRITICIZES TAFT.

Baltimore, Md., May 2.—Governor Judson Harmon of Ohio, last night addressed a mass meeting in the interests of the Taft campaign.

He referred to president Taft's failure to veto the Aldrich tariff bill as "an insult to the American people as well as a betrayal of the trust placed in him by the people."

He declared that no one thing since the civil war had been such an imposition on the American people as the high tariff.

"During the seven years that Roosevelt was president," said governor Harmon, "he did not send a single message to congress or make a speech against the tariff barons who have grown rich through the tariff law."

PETITIONERS ASK FOR RECOUNT OF PRIMARY VOTE IN BOSTON.

Boston, Mass., May 2.—A petition was filed with the Boston board of election commissioners last night by chairman Herman Horwich of the Republican state committee, asking for a recount on the vote cast at Tuesday's primary election for Republican delegates-at-large in every ward in Boston except ward 1. Similar petitions will be filed tomorrow asking recounts of the vote for Republican delegates-at-large in every ward in the state.

The Taft managers hope that the recount will show that the number of ballots thrown out because crossed were marked for both ex-senator Frank Sellwiler and the regular Taft delegate-at-large in every ward in Boston was sufficient. It counted to have elected the Taft ticket for delegates at large.

According to the state Taft leaders, the recount is asked primarily for seating their delegates at the national convention.

Gov. Pusey has released the delegates elected on the Democratic ballot from any obligation they might feel to vote for Roosevelt in the national convention. He said that since he had withdrawn as a candidate there was no reason why the delegates should feel

bound to vote for him. The delegates, therefore, will be free to vote for speaker Clark.

Petitions Filed Today.

The filing today of petitions for primary recounts may delay until June the issuing of certificates of election of delegates to the Chicago and Baltimore conventions.

Petitions for recounts were filed by the Taft managers in nearly all the cities and large towns.

Recounts also were asked in many of the congressional districts and by the Roosevelt delegates in the eighth and tenth districts where the press returns gave Taft the delegates by narrow margins.

In this city returns from 266 of the 297 precincts showed the Taft alternatives at large received 11,548, while the alternatives who were designated as "for Roosevelt" polled 10,527. Yet the

COL. ROOSEVELT COMMENCES HIS CAMPAIGN IN MARYLAND.

New York, N. Y., May 2.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt left this city over the Pennsylvania railroad at 9 o'clock last night for Salisbury, Md., where he will open his two days' speech making campaign in that state. The colonel's other speeches will be at Haver de Grace and Baltimore. He expects to return to New York early Sunday.

Automobiles, Valley Impement Co.

Hastrop county will vote May 14 on an \$50,000 bond issue for good road construction.



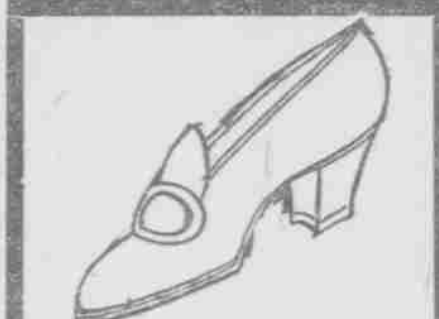
## Summer Shirts

A tremendous assortment of all that's new in dependable shirts that will stand the laundry, and come through as fresh as when new.

Soft Collar Shirts with French cuffs, in every wanted color.

Everything you'll want, \$1.00 to \$3.00

Geo. A Mansfield & Company Mills Bldg. "Not an Expensive Shop."



## 3 Day Special

Women's White Mercerized Poplin Pumps, all sizes and widths,

\$1.95 Pair

Regular price \$2.25.

American Shoe Store

## FREE

10 Interurban Booster tickets to every purchaser of lots in Tobin's 4th Addition

We have lots of tickets but few lots.

BUY TODAY.

## Bright Eyes

An active, healthy liver that never shirks its work is reflected in your eyes which sparkle and shine with the joy of life—watch your eyes in the mirror and take

## Tutt's Pills

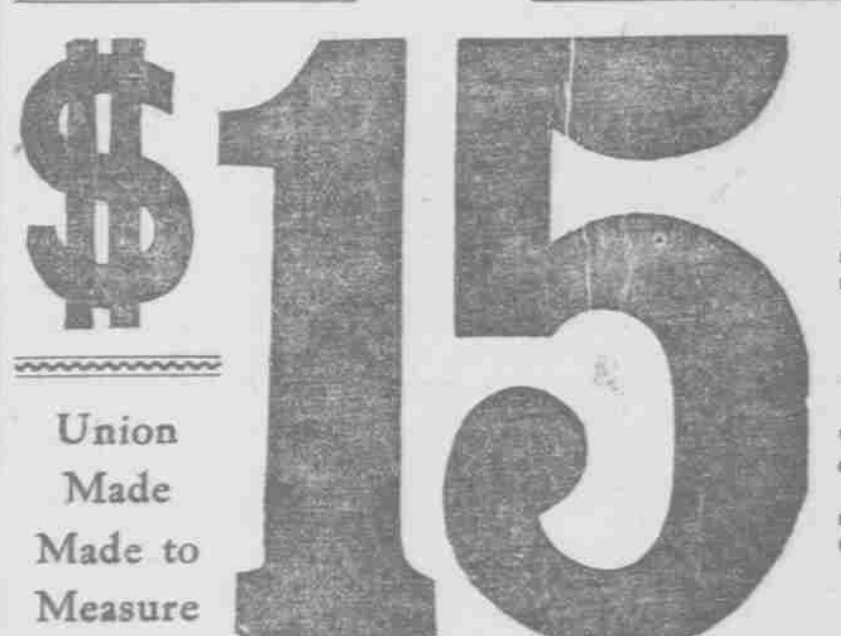
at the first sign of dullness. At your druggist, sugar coated or plain.

## 300 New Summer Patterns

Have just arrived—All the newest shades of Tan, Brown, Gray and Blue, in all the newest effects of the new pin stripes; also a full line of the celebrated

Priestly Cravenetted English Mohairs.

Also a line of fancy, white and cream serges—Exclusive patterns. A suit made to your measure for



Union Made Made to Measure

Every Suit is fully guaranteed as to fit, workmanship and quality. Your money cheerfully refunded if it is not satisfactory in every detail. Let us show you. Open Saturday evening till 10:30.

London Woolen Mills Branch 93 217 San Antonio St.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK

El Paso, Texas

THE up-building of this Bank has been due to a policy that has been conservative yet progressive. Now ranking as one of the strongest financial institutions in the Southwest, it offers clients every facility for the prompt and proper transaction of all branches of domestic and foreign banking, and such liberality of treatment as is consistent with prudence. Accounts are solicited from those who contemplate opening new or additional accounts in El Paso.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars

## STATE NATIONAL BANK

ESTABLISHED APRIL, 1881. CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND PROFITS, \$200,000.

INTEREST PAID ON SAVING ACCOUNTS

C. R. MOREHEAD, President. C. N. BASSETT, Vice President.

JOSEPH MAGOFFIN, V. Pres. GEO. D. FLORY, Cashier.

L. J. GILCHRIST, Asst. Cashier.

## Business Success

Business success contains no black art. There is nothing mysterious about it. Men do not make fortunes by what is called luck. It is obtained by legitimate methods, at the command of every one. The successful business men are invariably men who started depositing their small savings in the days of their youth and who made a habit of doing business with a bank. Without a bank's service and help, man remains small in a business way. We pay 4 per cent interest, Compounded Twice a Year.

EL PASO BANK & TRUST CO., El Paso, Texas

## Ladies, Try The New Bank

### The Commercial National

107 Texas Street.

Interest Paid in Savings Department Safety Boxes Free For Use of Our Customers

bound to vote for him. The delegates, therefore, will be free to vote for speaker Clark.

Petitions Filed Today.

The filing today of petitions for primary recounts may delay until June the issuing of certificates of election of delegates to the Chicago and Baltimore conventions.

Petitions for recounts were filed by the Taft managers in nearly all the cities and large towns.

Recounts also were asked in many of the congressional districts and by the Roosevelt delegates in the eighth and tenth districts where the press returns gave Taft the delegates by narrow margins.

In this city returns from 266 of the 297 precincts showed the Taft alternatives at large received 11,548, while the alternatives who were designated as "for Roosevelt" polled 10,527. Yet the

COL. ROOSEVELT COMMENCES HIS CAMPAIGN IN MARYLAND.

New York, N. Y., May 2.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt left this city over the Pennsylvania railroad at 9 o'clock last night for Salisbury, Md., where he will open his two days' speech making campaign in that state. The colonel's other speeches will be at Haver de Grace and Baltimore. He expects to return to New York early Sunday.

Automobiles, Valley Impement Co.

Hastrop county will vote May 14 on an \$50,000 bond issue for good road construction.

## Asthma Catarrh

WHOOPING COUGH CROUP COLDS BRONCHITIS COUGHS

Vapo-Resolene

ESTABLISHED 1879

A simple, safe and effective remedy for bronchial troubles, without danger to the stomach with drugs. Used with success for thirty years.

This remedy strongly antiseptic, inspired with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, causing restful sleep. Resolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma.

Send for postal for descriptive booklet.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Try Resolene. It is the only remedy for the throat.

They are simple, effective and antiseptic. Of your druggist or from us, in 10c stamps.

Vapo-Resolene Co. 62 Cortland St., N. Y.

FREE

10 Interurban Booster tickets to every purchaser of lots in Tobin's 4th Addition

We have lots of tickets but few lots.

BUY TODAY.